

Scoring Microsatellites in *Coccidioides immitis* and *Coccidioides posadasii*

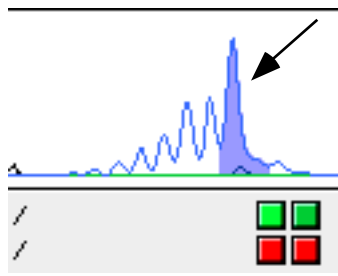
Microsatellites are useful genetic markers due to their multi-allelic nature. Scoring them is usually performed by typing the major alleles seen in electrophoretic gels. However, due to slippage of *Taq* polymerase during PCR, multiple amplification products are often present, complicating the accurate scoring of alleles. Fortunately, the patterns seen are locus-specific and, with practice, can be easily scored.

The following pages detail the major patterns seen when running the amplified *Coccidioides* sp. microsatellites described by Fisher et al. (1999, 2000a, 2000b, 2000c) using GENESCAN (Applied Biosystems). The output was calibrated by sequencing alleles as detailed in Fisher et al (1999) and the 'correct' peaks coloured. Black peaks are the TAMRA-labelled internal size standard (GENESCAN 500). Use of this document will standardize typing *Coccidioides* using these loci.

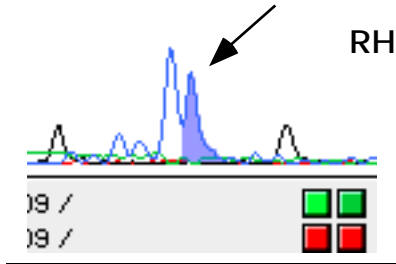
- Fisher MC, Koenig GL, White TJ and Taylor JW. 1999. Primers for genotyping single nucleotide polymorphisms and microsatellites in the pathogenic fungus *Coccidioides immitis*. **Molecular Ecology** 8:1082 - 1084.
- Fisher MC, Koenig GL, et al. 2000a. Biogeographic range expansion into South America by the pathogenic fungus *Coccidioides immitis* mirrors human patterns of migration. (submitted)
- . 2000b. A test for concordance between the multilocus genealogies of genes and microsatellites in the pathogenic fungus *Coccidioides immitis*. **Mol. Biol. Evol.** 17: 1164-1174
- . 2000c. Molecular and phenotypic description of *Coccidioides posadasii* sp. nov., previously recognized as the *non-California* population of *Coccidioides immitis*. (submitted)

SCORING KO9.fam

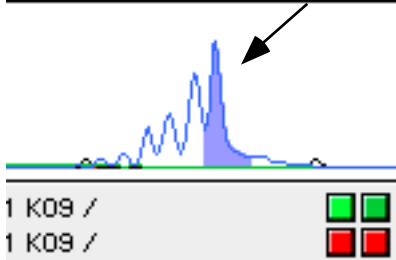
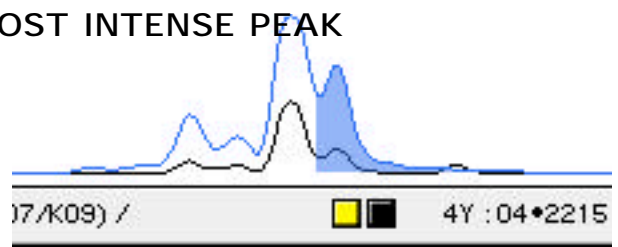
Score peak that is furthestmost right (both *C. immitis* and *C. posadasii*)



RHS PEAK



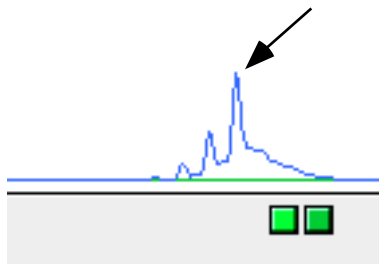
RHS PEAK: IGNORE MOST INTENSE PEAK



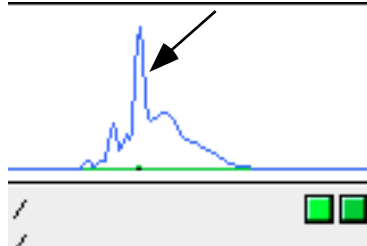
RHS PEAK

35 cycle PCR

28 cycle PCR

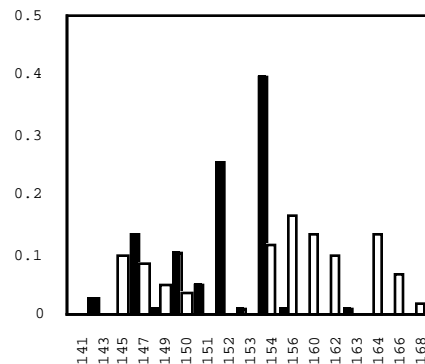


Using less cycles dramatically lowers the -1, -3 and -5 peaks

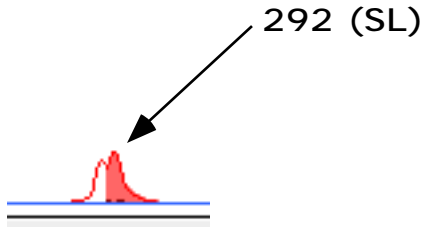


Allele sizes seen in *C. immitis* (white) and *C. posadasii* (black)

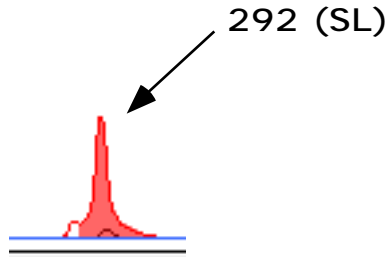
KO9



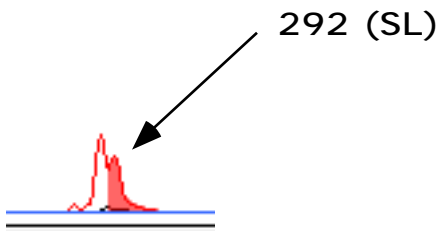
SCORING LOCUS KO7.rox (*C. immitis* and *C. posadasii*)
 always score the peak furthestmost right.



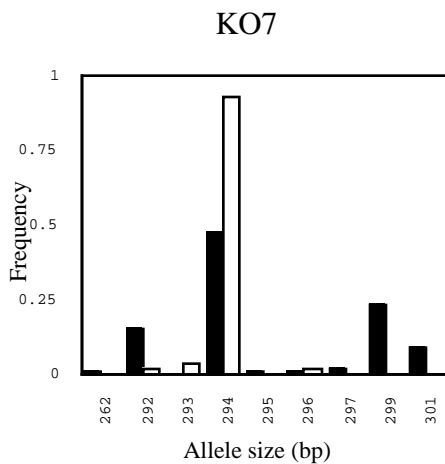
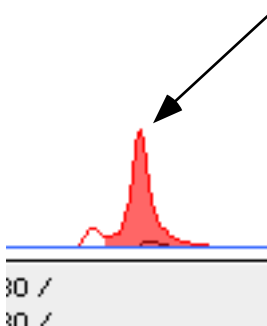
RHS PEAK IS LARGEST: SCORE



SINGLE PEAK: SCORE



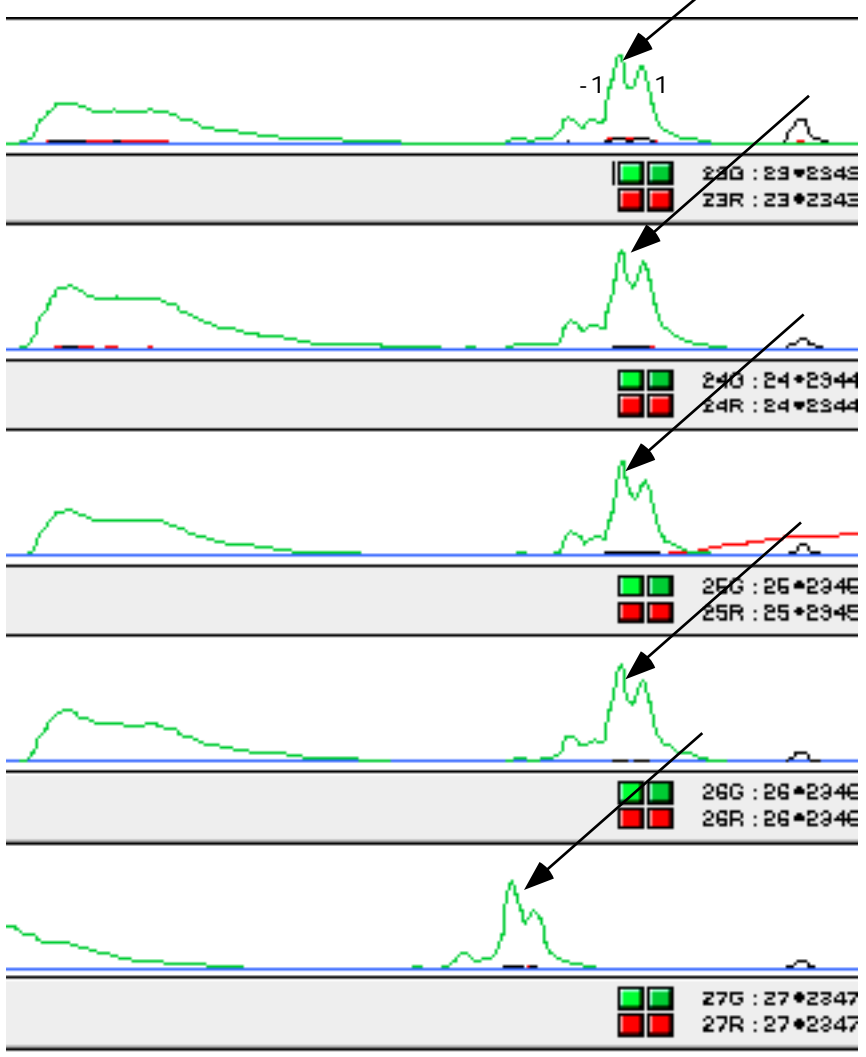
LHS PEAK IS LARGEST: SCORE RHS PEAK



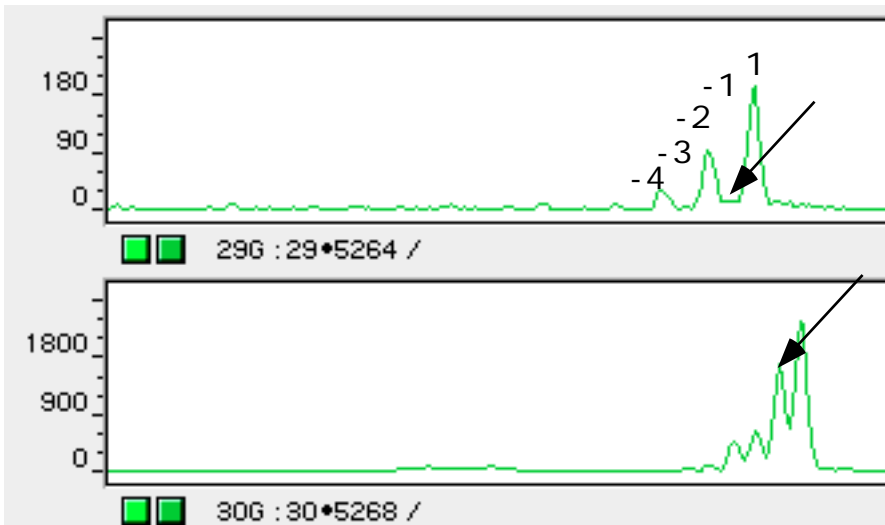
Allele sizes seen in *C. immitis*
 (white) and *C. posadasii* (black)

Scoring locus KO3 (C. immitis and C. posadasii)

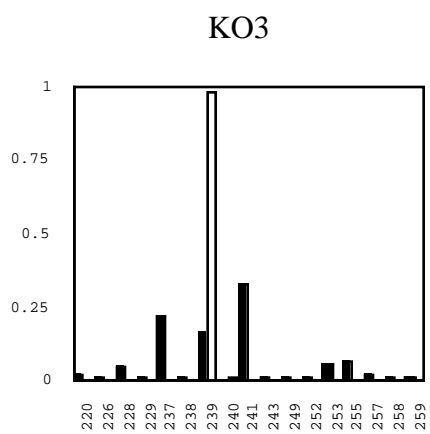
Score the -1 peak



occasionally, the -1 peak will be missing (below)-score it anyhow.



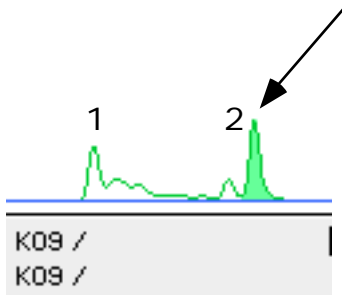
KO3 (continued)



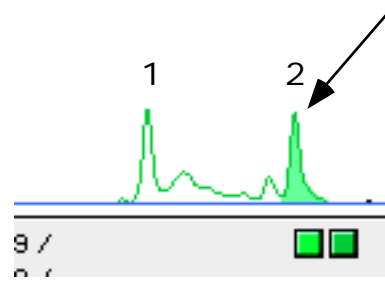
Allele sizes seen in *C. immitis*
(white) and *C. posadasii* (black)

SCORING LOCUS KO1.hex

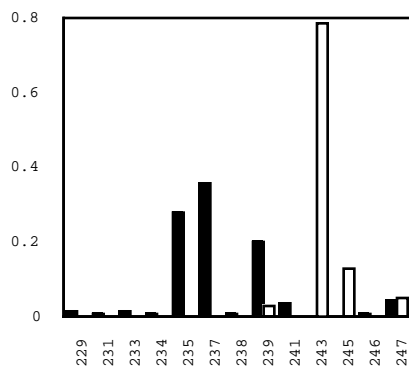
C. posadasii. Score as for
C. immitis



C. immitis. There are often two peaks at this locus, 1 and 2. 1 varies in intensity and is spurious (it also co-varies with 2). Score peak 2.



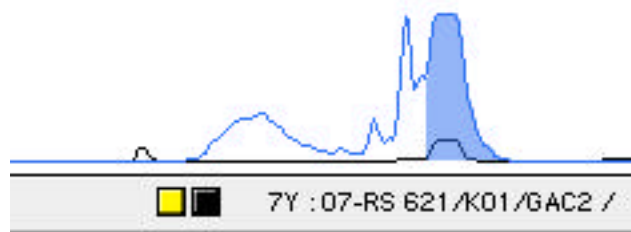
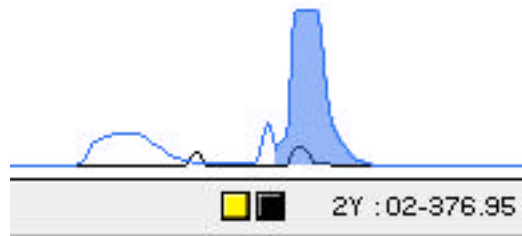
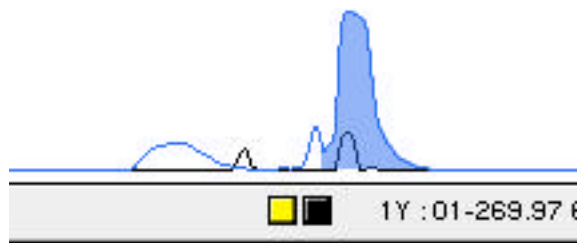
KO1



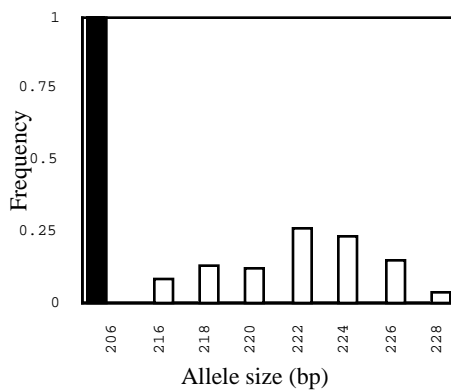
Allele sizes seen in *C. immitis* (white) and *C. posadasii* (black)

SCORING LOCUS GAC2.fam

Simple locus to score- use largest peak, which is also the rightmost peak. This locus is easy to overamplify (which is why these peaks are truncated somewhat). Dilute before running PCRs on the ABI.



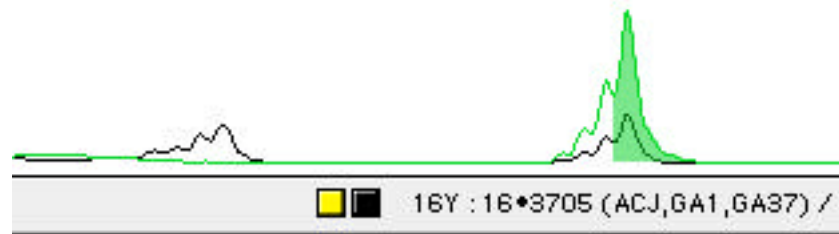
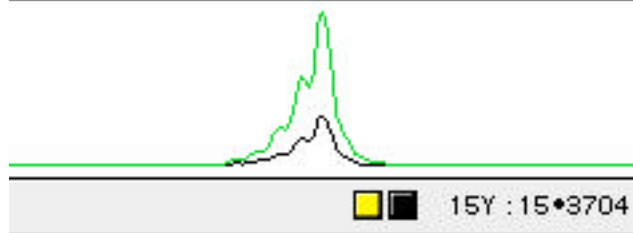
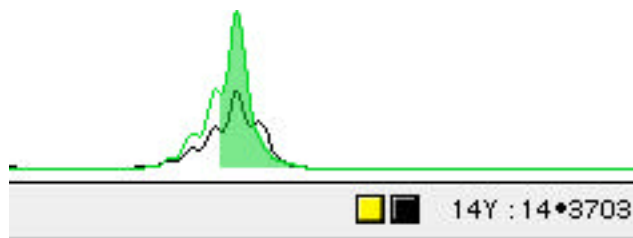
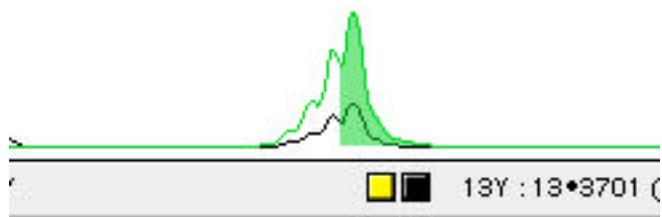
GAC2



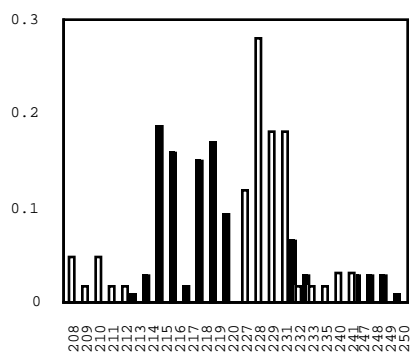
Allele sizes seen in *C. immitis* (white) and *C. posadasii* (black)

SCORING LOCUS GA37.hex

Simple locus to score- use largest peak, which is also the rightmost peak



GA37



Allele sizes seen in *C. immitis* (white) and *C. posadasii* (black)

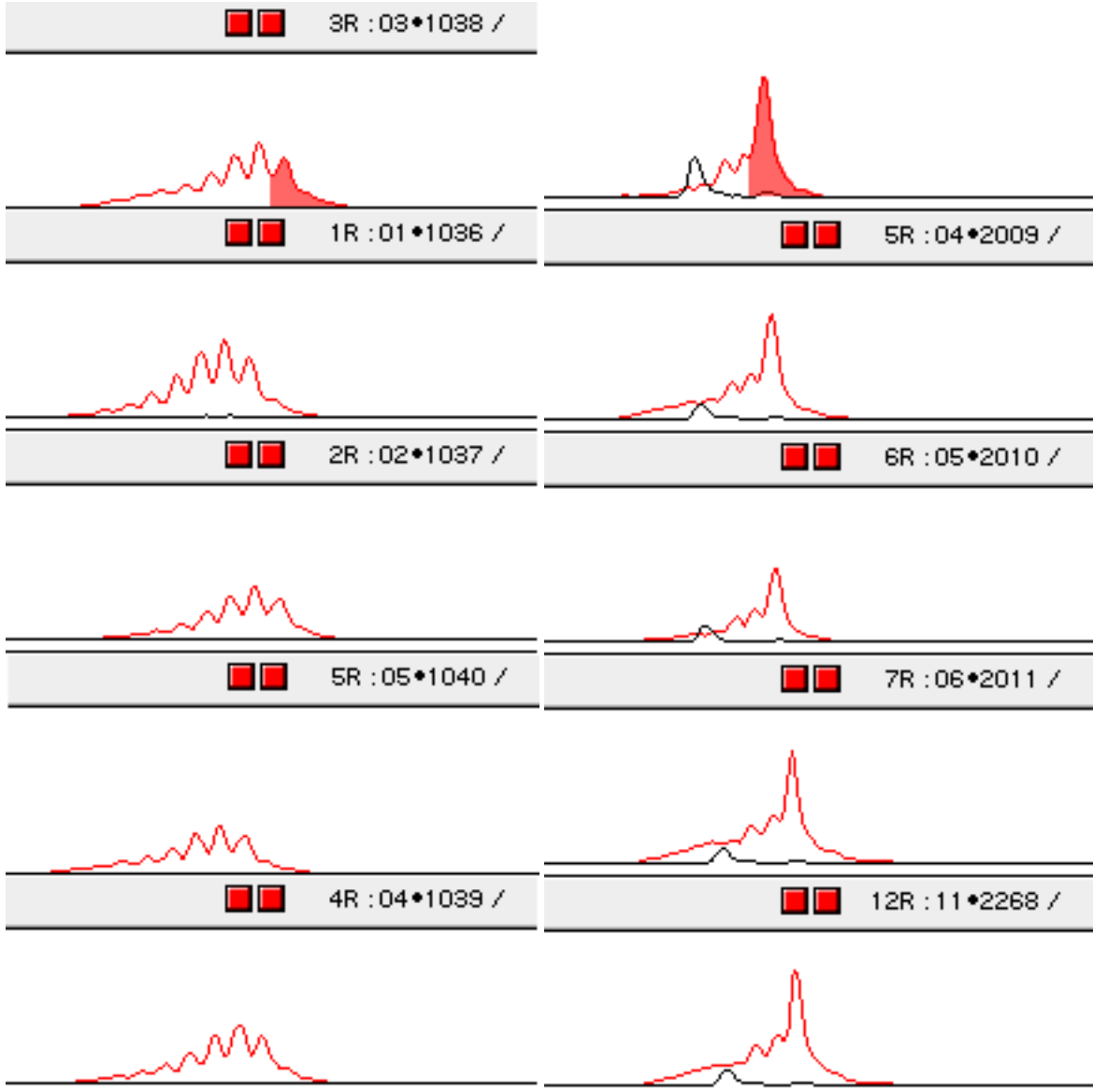
SCORING LOCUS GA1.rox

C. posadasii

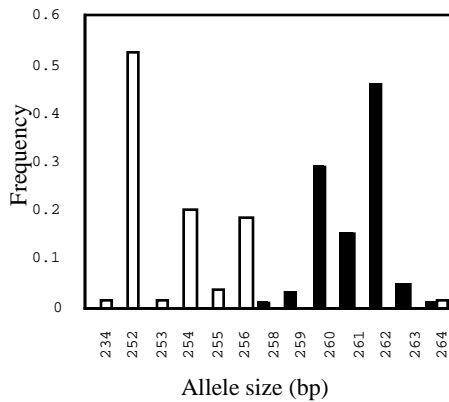
Score last peak

C. immitis

Score major peak



GA1

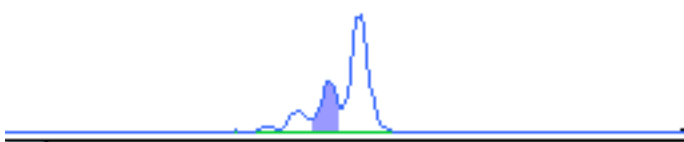
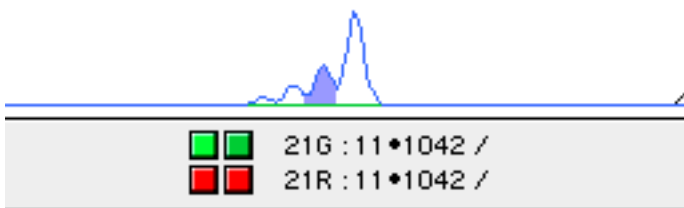
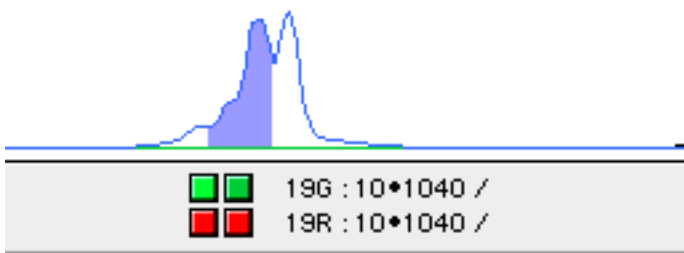
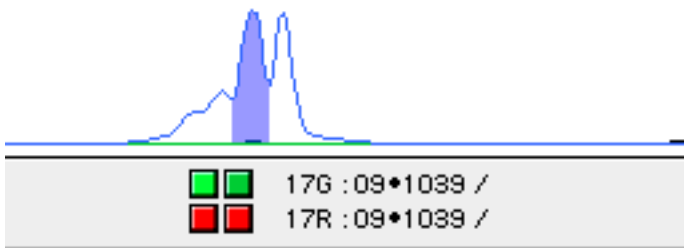
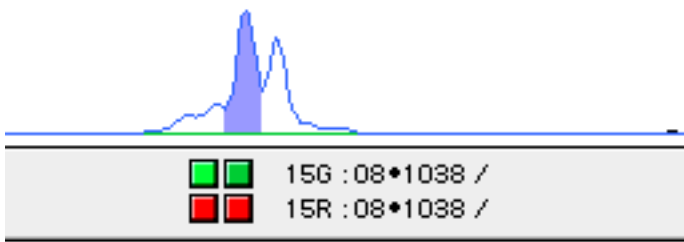
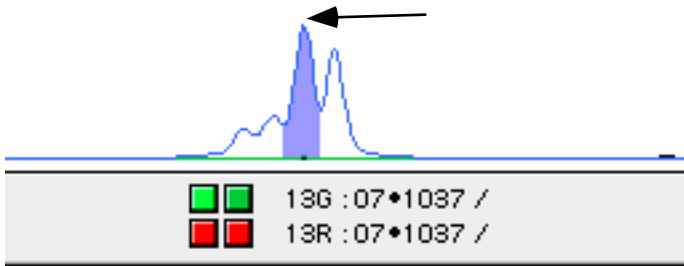


Allele sizes seen in *C. immitis* (white) and *C. posadasii* (black)

SCORING LOCUS ACJ.fam

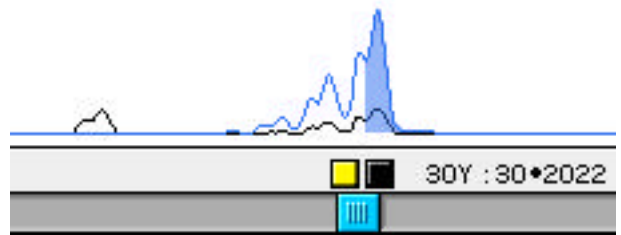
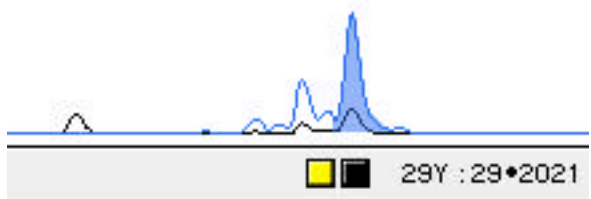
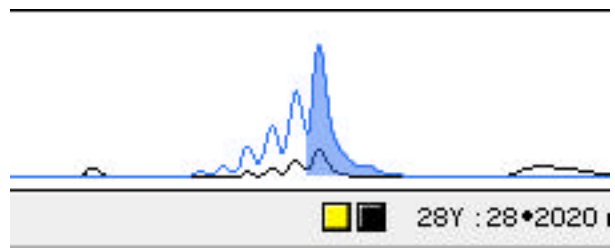
ACJ-patterns in *C. posadasii*

Confusing twin peaks: Always take peak one to left of last peak



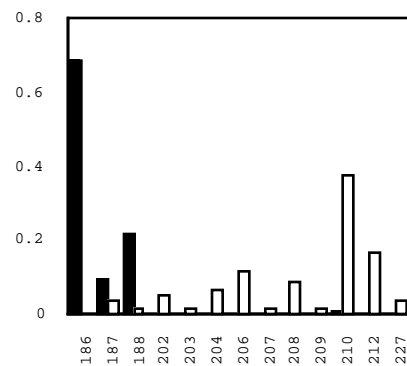
ACJ-patterns in *C. immitis*

Always take last peak



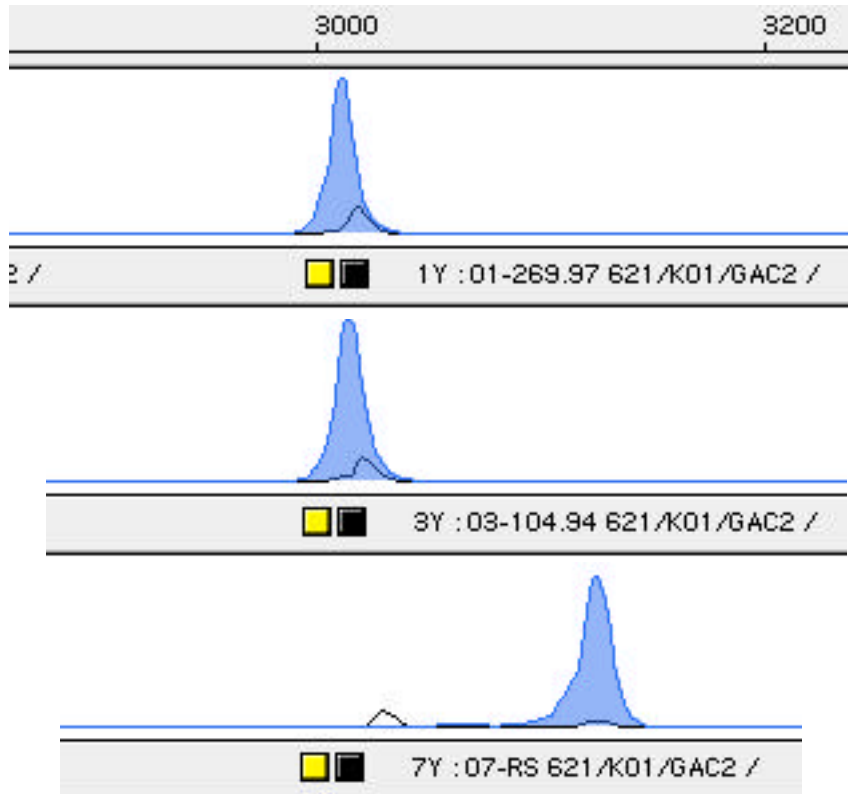
Allele sizes seen in *C. immitis* (white) and *C. posadasii* (black)

ACJ



SCORING LOCUS 621.fam

Simple locus to score- use largest peak.



Allele sizes seen in *C. immitis* (white) and *C. posadasii* (black)

621

